

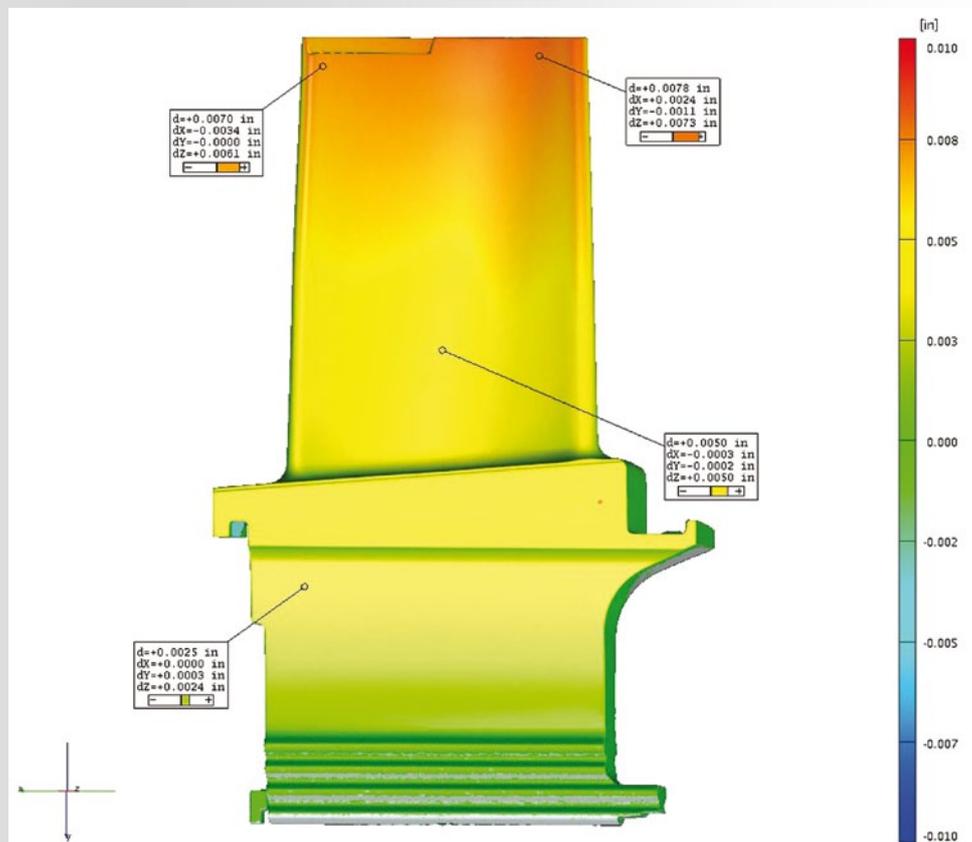
## Application Example: Quality Control

### Turbines: Quality Assurance and Product Definition for the Power Generation Industry

Measuring Systems: ATOS

Keywords: part shrinkage, airfoil twist and mold wear

With the ability of ATOS to accurately measure airfoil contours, leading and trailing edges, root and tip geometry, it provides a more thorough inspection to identify deviations and problems in unexpected areas, trends in part shrinkage, airfoil twist and mold wear. With this newly available information, manufactures are able to reduce their inspection spending and speed up their development. In addition, the production can be controlled to maintain higher accuracy and parts have better quality.





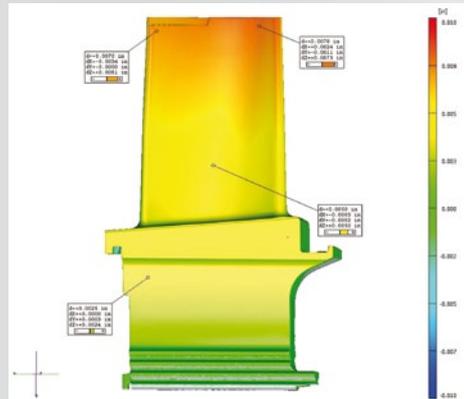


Fig.3: Deviation of the "As Built Condition" vs the CAD Nominal

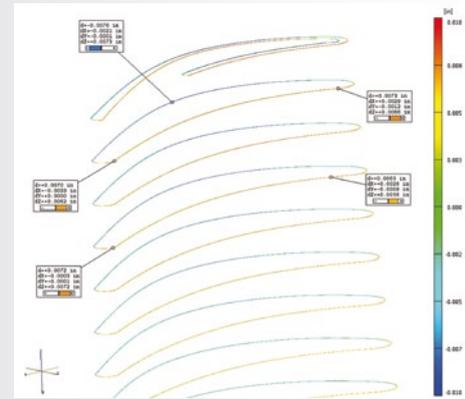


Fig. 4: Same deviations in a cross section format

For nozzle assembly applications, it is critical to measure the entire assembly to find the minimum distance between the trailing edge of each vane and the face of the adjacent vane. This information is used to determine the throat area which, in turn, is used to calculate the total airflow volume through the engine. This information is directly correlated to engine efficiency (figure 5 & 6).

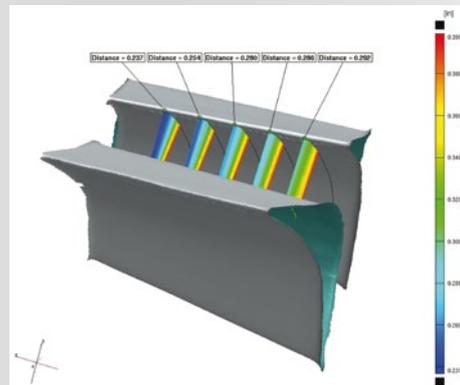


Fig. 5: automated process to determine minimum throat area

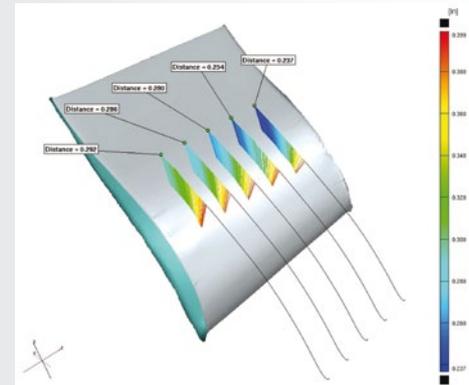


Fig. 6: automated process to determine minimum throat area

## The Process

First, the part is loaded into a fixture frame that has pre-measured reference points on it (figure 7). Next, a macro is executed, which defines file directory, part name, what data to process, and initiates the scan process. The system automatically generates inspection reports that have been pre-defined to meet the requirements of the specific components. Because many different part sizes are scanned on a daily basis, different size reference frames are produced and measured with TRITOP to provide optimal results. In some cases, special fixtures have been designed to hold up to four parts, thus further speeding up inspection times. With this multiple part inspection, QA departments are able to acquire XYZ inspection locations, Airfoil Contours, Root, and Tip Geometry.

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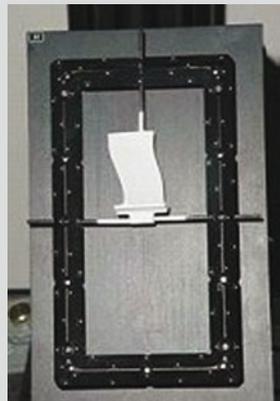


Fig. 7: Simple holding fixture for the part

Fig. 8: Optional robot to further automate the measurement process

## Return On Investment

Since Forging and Casting companies have started using the ATOS II & III scanners, they have seen a decrease in the time needed for part inspections, thus increasing the throughput within the quality departments. Example: In the past using traditional inspection methods, on a production run, parts were inspected, capturing only 16 key points. Now by using the ATOS scanner, parts are inspected capturing 85% of the entire blade and 100% of the relevant areas. With the ability to provide a more thorough inspection, our clients are able to identify problems in unexpected areas, trends in part shrinkage, airfoil twist and mold wear. With this newly available information, manufactures are able to change Molds in more of a real time process and in some cases cut new part implementation times in half.

We thank Capture 3D and their customers to give us insight into the high end Quality Control of power generation components and assemblies.